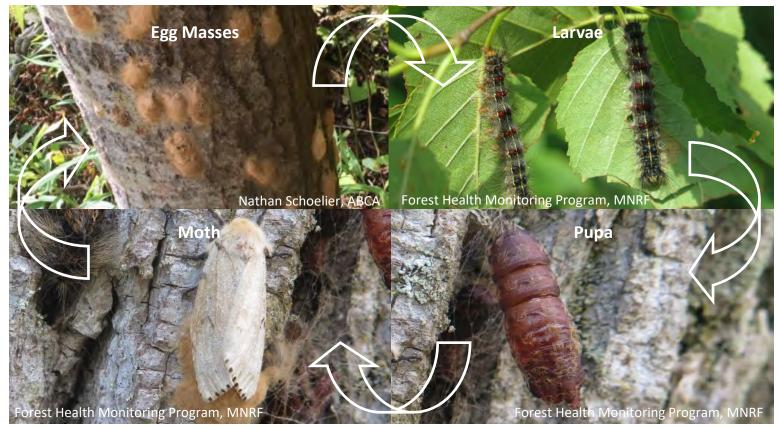
Landowner Guide to Gypsy Moth Management

(Lymantria dispar)

April 1, 2020

General Overview

- An invasive insect to North America, native to Asia and Europe
- Defoliates host trees, with Oak and Poplar being among the insects favourite host trees
- During Gypsy Moth outbreaks, severe defoliation can be observed across the landscape
- Defoliation results in aesthetic concerns, severe defoliation or defoliation across consecutive years can negatively impact tree health and survival



	Identification Features	Time of Year
Egg Mass	 Approximately 4 cm in size, orange-tan soft mass Commonly found on tree trunks, can be on other structures 	September to late April
Larvae	5-6 cm caterpillar, has 5 pairs of blue dots followed by 6 pairs of red dots along its back	May to August
Pupa	 5-6 cm. Hard shell, brown with find hairs Commonly found in bark crevices, can be on other structures 	June to late August
Moth	 Females are white, have a 5cm. wingspan but cannot fly Males are brown, have a 2.5cm. wingspan, are able to fly 	July to September

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What can you do to protect your trees?

Remove & Dispose of Egg Masses - November through until late April

- Removing and disposing of egg masses is an effective way to prevent the emergence of thousands of caterpillars
- Scrape the egg masses off of the tree with a dull knife and place them into a sealable bag or a container of soapy water for a few days before discarding of them



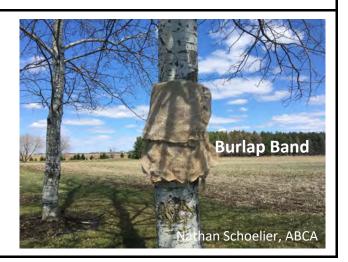


Place Sticky Barriers on Trees - Late April through until late May

- Placing sticky barriers on the trunk of the tree can inhibit some of the young caterpillars from crawling up the tree
- A few rounds of either double sided tape, or inverted duct tape applied to the tree trunk

Install Burlap Bands - Late May until late August

- Placing burlap bands on the trunk of the tree provides a location for the caterpillars to congregate during the day
- Place burlap on the tree (approx. 1m high), attach it in the middle and fold it down over itself to create a "pocket." Every afternoon, collect the caterpillars that have congregated within the burlap; squish or place them in soapy water to reduce caterpillar numbers



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